

# If you think....



An internet seminar on constructive Agricultural  
by Bruce Maynard



# If you think....that there must be superior ways to produce food....

- Today's introduction is about thinking on Constructive Agricultural Methods-
  - On-farm practices at “Willydah” with Bruce Maynard
  - Layers in the landscape- a more complete picture
  - No Kill Cropping
  - Stress Free Stockmanship
  - Self Herding
  - Grassland Grain

“The agricultural industry swamps farmers with what to do rather than how to think.”



# Bruce Maynard and Willydah farm History

- Five generations on Willydah- near Narromine, NSW
- Traditional Crop/Wool/Cattle/Pig Producers
- Found ourselves working harder and harder to stay in the same spot.
- 7 year Rotation- 4 yrs Lucerne, 3 yrs Crop.
- Every year we were steadily consuming more, working more and enjoying it less.



# What it used to be like.....



Direct drilling, Lucerne rotations  
and chemical sprays.





# Thinking we could combine lots of methods.....

Saltbush Block Plantings 1990  
Whole Farm Plan 1991  
Time Control Grazing 1994  
Access Laneways 1995  
No Kill Cropping 1996  
Holistic Resource Management 1997  
Alley Farming 1998  
Stress Free Stockmanship Methods 2000  
Whybother Treeplanting Method 2001  
Direct Tree Seeding 2001  
Advance Tree Seeding 2002  
Agroforestry Treeplantings 2002  
Target Saltbush Plantings 2004  
Spiral Saltbush Plantings 2005  
Carbon Tree Plantings 2007  
Multi species grazing 2008  
Locally adapted livestock breeding 2009  
Self Herding 2014  
Medicinal Shrubs 2013  
Grassland Grain 2016



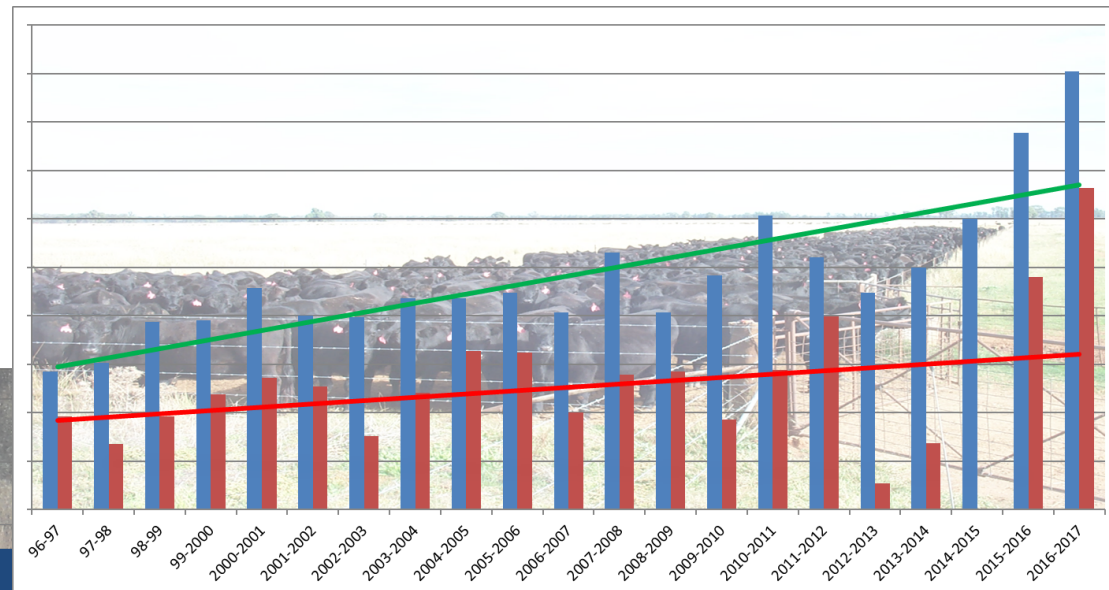
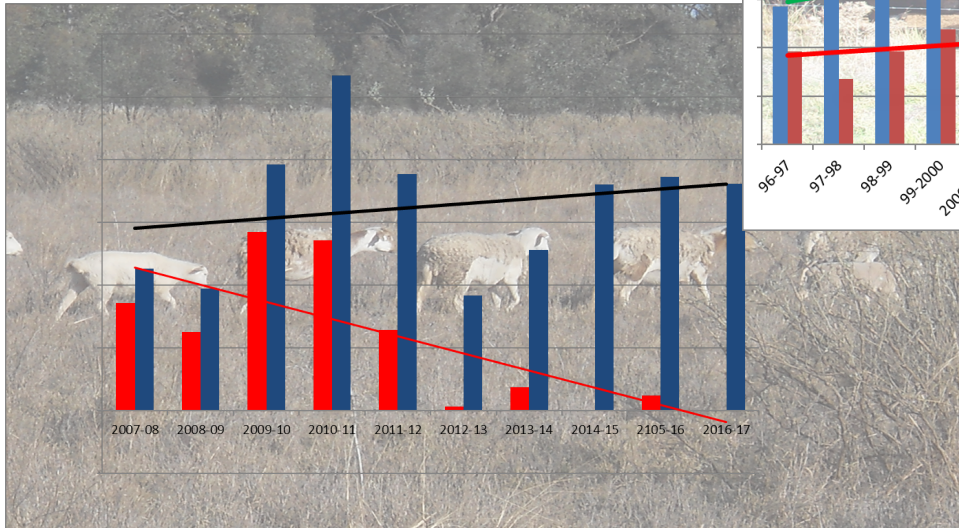


# If you think you can reduce inputs and impacts and increase benefits- you can

| Management          | Then                         | Now                            |
|---------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Pasture Fertiliser  | Little added                 | None added                     |
| Cropping Fertiliser | Small amounts                | None added                     |
| Fuel Use            | Increasing                   | 80% less                       |
| Chemical            | \$40,000 in 1996             | \$250                          |
| Animal Health       | Dip,Drench,Needle            | Destress only                  |
| Machinery Capital   | Full plant list              | Minimal equipment              |
| Time required       | 3 full time                  | 1/3 full time                  |
| Animal Production   | 3700 dse average             | 14,500 dse average             |
| Crop Production     | 1200 tonnes- commodity grade | 500 tonnes- niche market grade |
| Soil Carbon         | Depleting                    | Increasing                     |
| Profit              | Declining                    | Accelerating                   |
| Perennial Grasses   | Few                          | Many                           |
| Shrubs              | Few                          | Planted 320,000                |
| Trees               | Declining in number          | Planted 110,000                |
| Groundcover         | Low-45-80%                   | High 75-100%                   |
| Property appearance | Slowly declining             | Rapidly improving              |
| Enterprise number   | 10 +                         | 4                              |
| Disturbance         | Very high                    | Very low                       |
| Fun                 | Declining                    | Increasing                     |

# Business indicators for a constructive farm

- Increasing margins along with increased carrying capacity and all with lower inputs.
- Agroecological thinking must be combined with business improvement.





# The Soil has changed



Side by side comparison our soil on right.  
Changes in the soil are evident to great depths.





# Water cycles have improved







# Thinking from the checkerboard to an artists palette

Past views on landscapes usually emphasise using distinct areas for distinct purposes.

It is possible to intermix all land uses and benefits at the same time.



# Thinking of Layers In The Landscape

- Shrub and tree layers can be added without subtracting from the grass/forb productivity.





# Adding without removing

Alley Farming Layouts allow shrubs and trees to be added without sacrificing grassland production





# Regeneration Areas

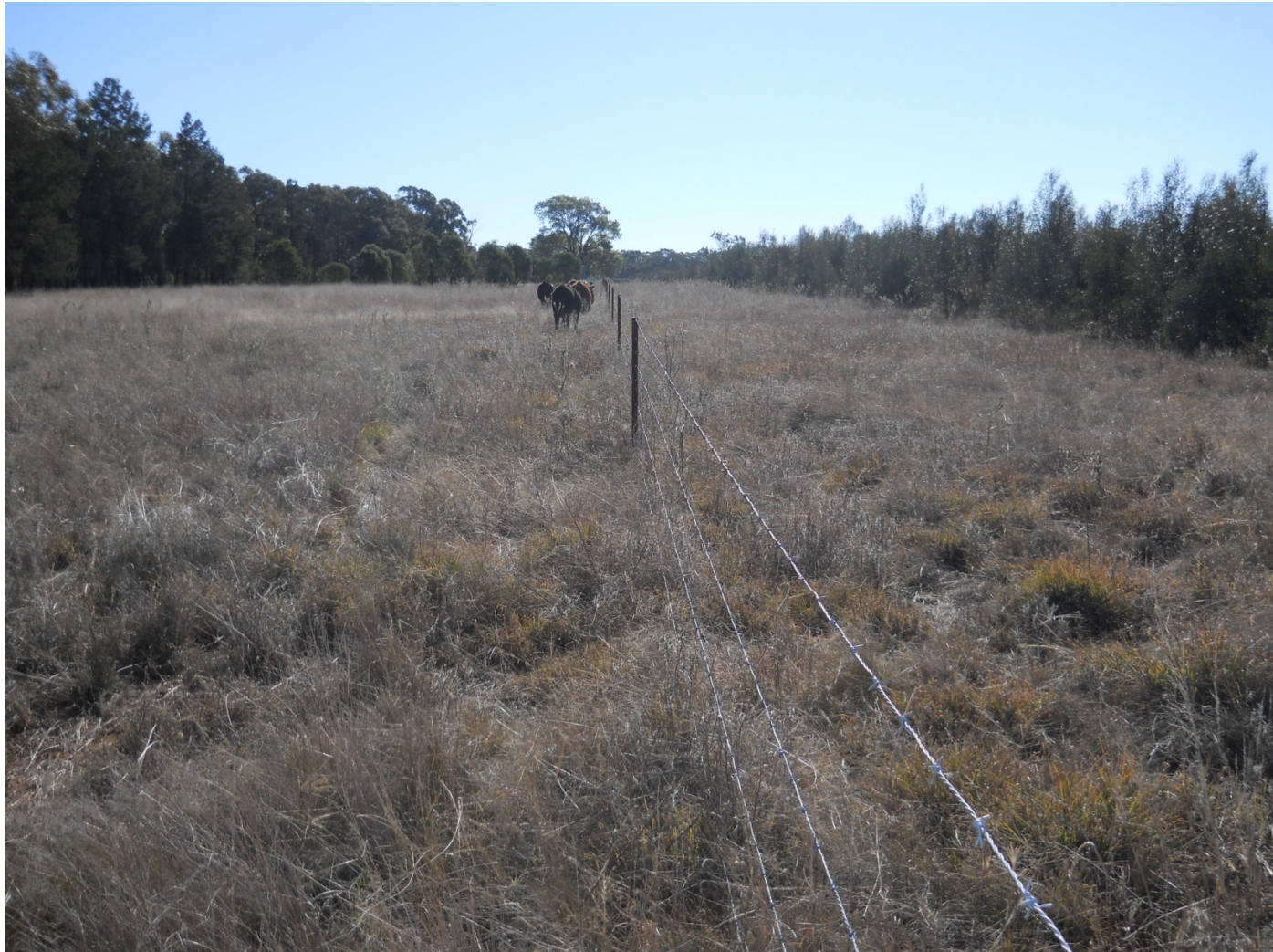
- 15% of the property is in “Core Conservation” areas.
- These are refuge areas for plants and animals that need little grazing disturbance.





# Grazing and wildlife areas

Adding trees to enhance production and diversity at the same time.





# Production and conservation together





# Agroecology designs for diversity.

Future production landscapes can operate with the 4 layers of the landscape present.

This will provide the maximum natural function and optimum production capacity.



Curves add microhabitats and microclimates. Same investment as straight lines but much greater returns.

# Increasing production with Trees

- 120,000 Trees planted for Carbon Credits, regeneration areas and production.
- The trees have more benefit than just the \$ generated-  
deep shade, shelter and greater diversity.





# Access laneways for impact control

- This is 'controlled traffic' for both livestock and the vehicles.





# Livestock can increase diversity



Initiating learned behaviours  
to further increase diversity  
and utilisation.

Just moving them around is  
not sufficient.





# Thinking for more diversity.....



**Higher level  
organisms tell us  
about the diverse  
food pyramid that  
supports them.**



# Thinking beyond our farm.....

- Worldwide existing agricultural methods are showing:
  - reduced diversity, ↓
  - contracting communities, ↓
  - declining profitability ↓
  - decreased nutrients ↓
  - increased inputs ↑





# Thinking of solutions with large impacts

- Stress Free Stockmanship



- No Kill Cropping



- Self Herding



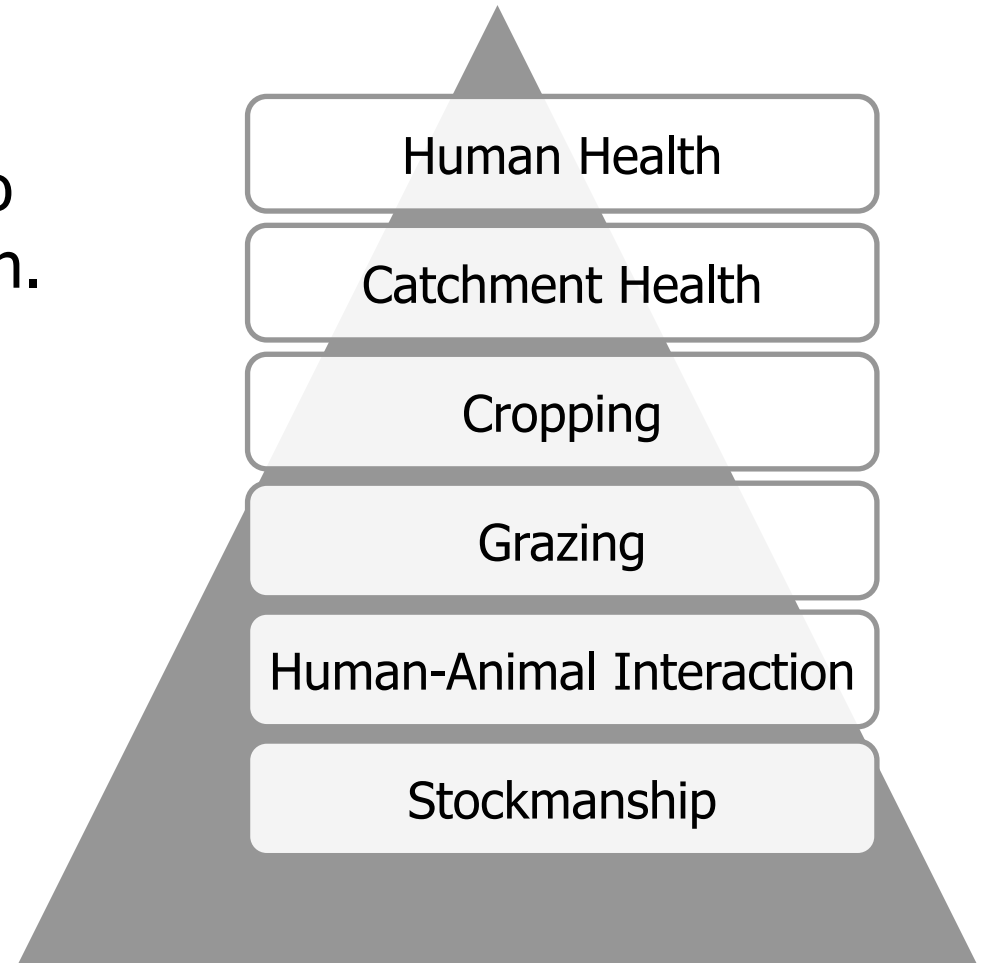
- Agroecology

Grassland Grain™  
How it's produced makes all the difference.



# Our actions determine our health.

- Our thinking and actions with animals across landscapes relink back to our own long term health.





# Stockmanship is a foundation for grazing

- Animals that carry low levels of Stress will tend to avoid areas of:

Novelty

Difference

Difficulty



The feed value of any plant in your grasslands depends upon...

Voluntary Feed Intake

and

Nutritive Value.



We can influence Voluntary Feed Intake by de-stressing our animals.

# Thinking Stress Free Stockmanship

- Principles and practices that allow handlers to let animals exhibit their natural behaviours.
- It is not training or taming.
- Aimed at:
  - building resilience into animals for them to recover quickly from stressful events,
  - exhibit their full range of behaviours





# The 4 Levels of Livestock Behavioural Management

- Raising the bar of livestock management.



Dean Revell, Bruce Maynard, Self Herding

Bruce Maynard Stress Free Stockmanship

Bud Williams Low Stress Stockhandling.

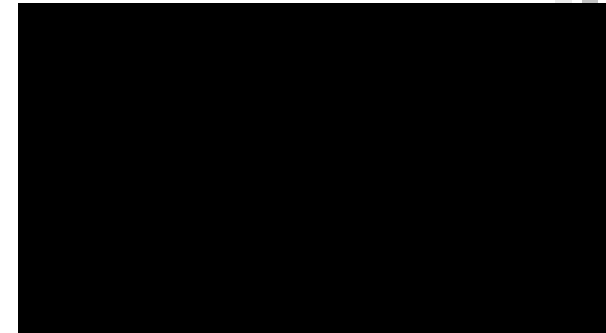


Temple Grandin, Yard Design



# Sophisticated Ethology (including Stress Free Stockmanship and Self Herding) can bring....

- Weed Eating behaviours in livestock.
- Performance increases up to 34%.
- Reduction in medications of 90%.
- Increases in reproduction of 12%





# How can you get your animals to eat weeds?

- **Create the conditions for animals to express an expanded range of options.**



- Animal behaviour changes all the time- and in large ways.
- Every plant brings different nutrients in different amounts at different times to the surface.
- Behaviour changes consumption which changes physiology which affects the genome.

# No Kill Cropping

## What is it?

Cropping without killing.  
Farming without harming.

# No Kill Cropping

- Sowing crops into grasslands and retaining all the functions and organisms.
- A cropping system apart from all others- it does not use simplification strategies.





# No Kill Cropping

## What is it?

No Kill uses companion plant theory – not competition plant theory.

NO FERTILISER

NO HERBICIDES

NO PESTICIDES





# No Kill Cropping

## What Is It?

- No Kill provides the crop with the headstart over germinating weeds and that is sufficient to allow effective growth.





# No Kill Cropping

- You can yield crops without simplifying the grasslands





# No Kill Cropping

- Western Australia- reclaiming scalded areas- comparison.





# No Kill Cropping





# No Kill Cropping





# No Kill Cropping

- Graze the crop when growing, at maturity or after harvesting.





# No Kill Cropping for weed control

- Adding a high nutrient/low toxin plant.





# No Kill Cropping

- From Vineyards to Tree Seeding to Free Range Chooks the uses of NK to magnify other techniques allows all sorts of improvement.





# Self Herding

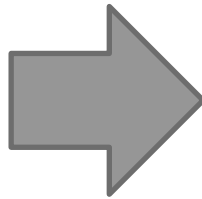
- Moving animals around the landscape without force.





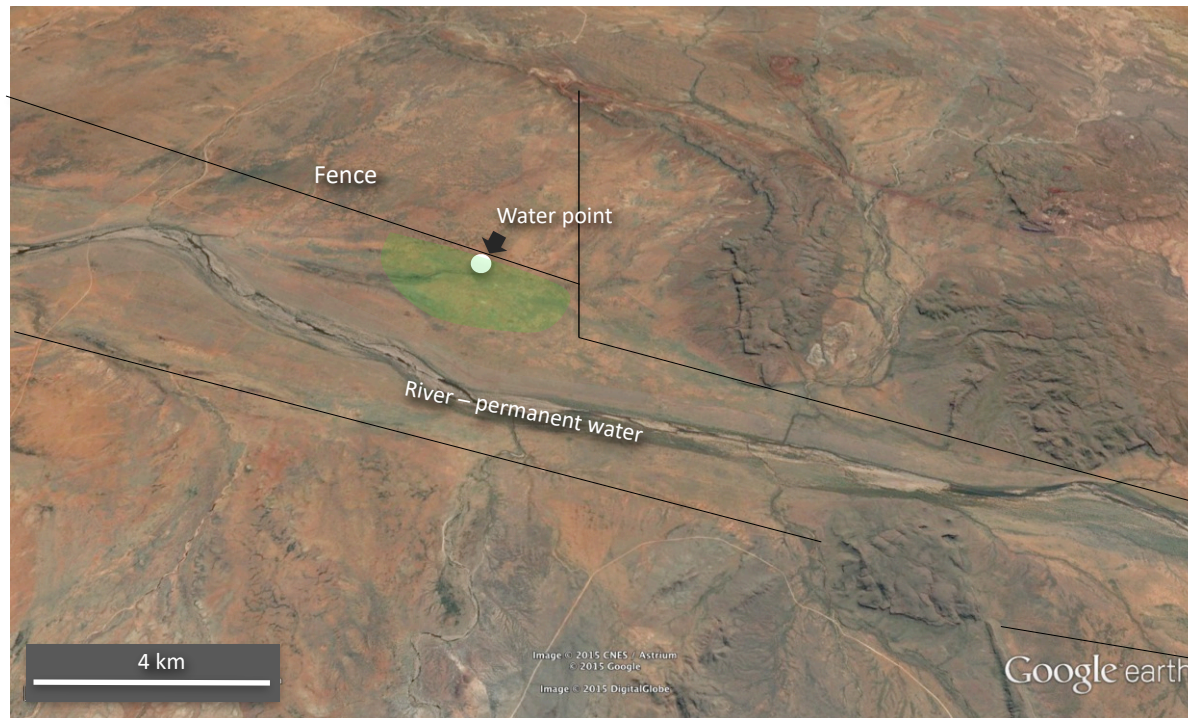
# The bigger picture- toward a: **Win-Win-Win**

- Animal behaviours are the key link toward combined future results of increased production and increased landscape function.
- Livestock are the modern 'Megafauna' that link us back to the first Australians around 47,000 years ago.
- Animals are a tool that is spread across the landscape- we can choose to guide that or not.

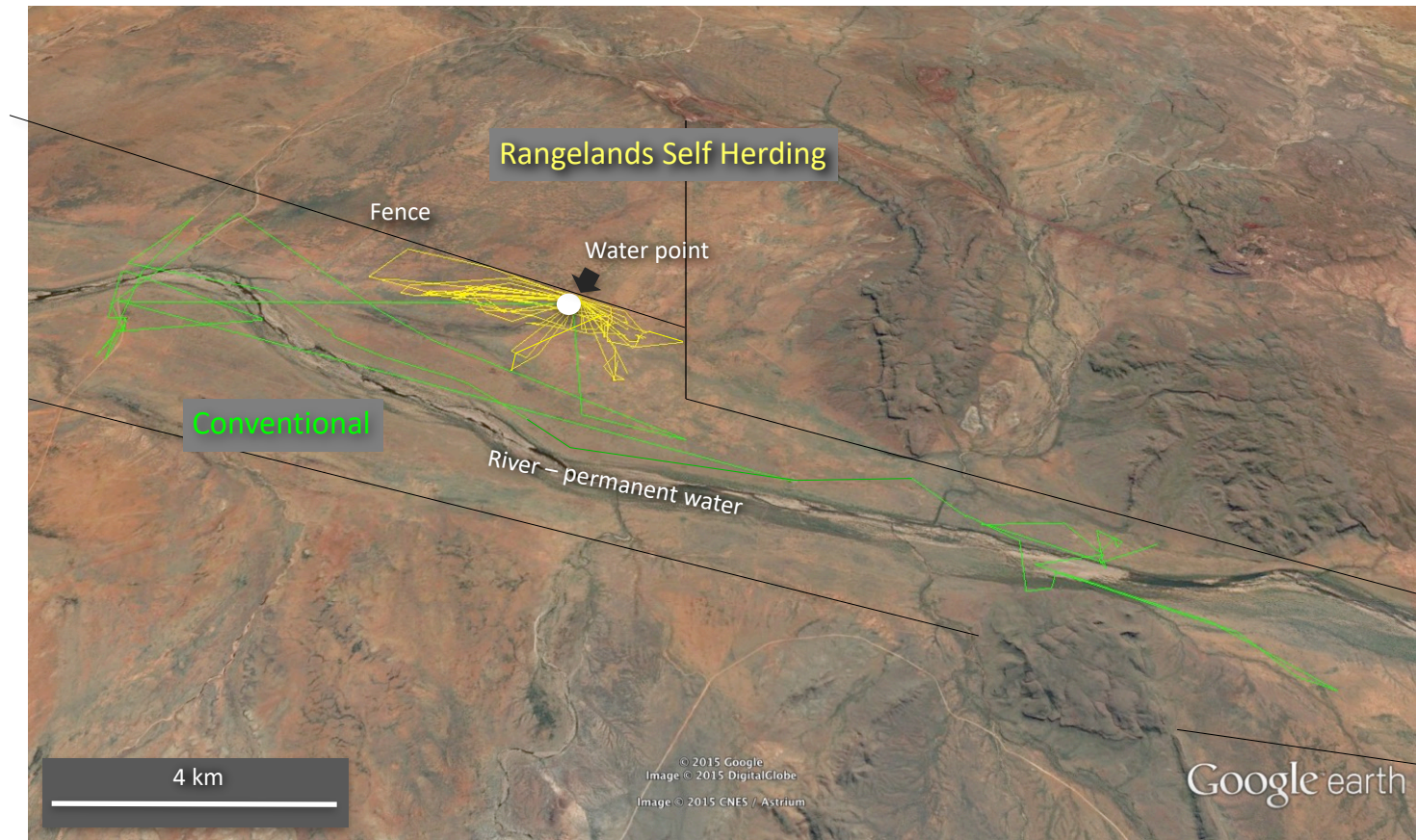


Keep them moving.....repairing land as they go

# Redistribution of grazing- Pilbara, WA









## Self Herding- Herd Effect by choice – not force





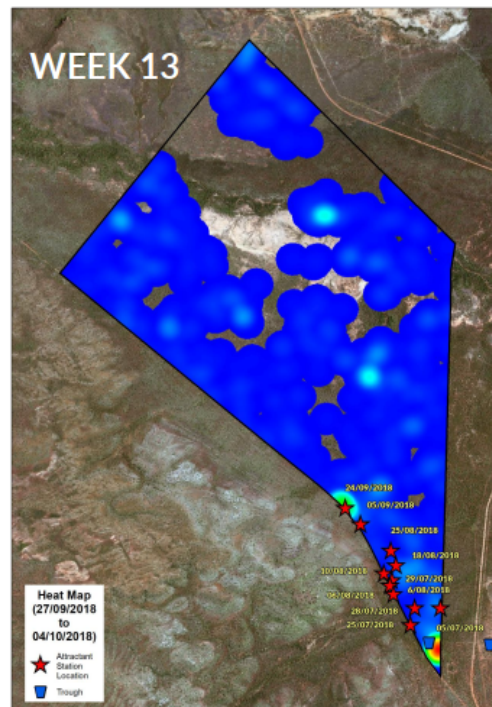
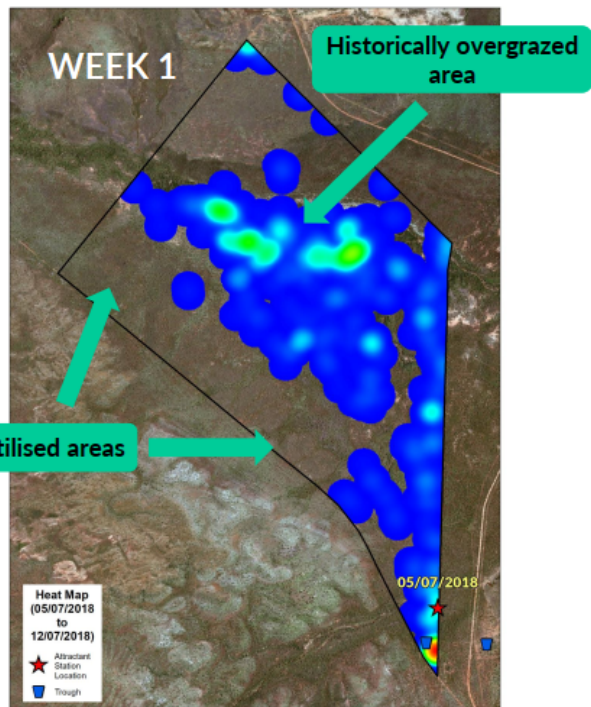
*1 year later*

Controlled impact + rest = new grasses adding diversity



# Self Herding in NT- Kidman Springs Station

GPS “heat maps” show that Self Herding techniques have influenced grazing patterns





# Self Herding at Kidman Springs, NT

- The animals are using areas not used before.





# Not either/or **but** both.....

- By changing behaviours we can increase diversity and production simultaneously.



By reaching upward with our management  
we can show the very best welfare results  
as we demonstrate improved landscape  
functions....

All the while making a better living!



# The Dining Boom

Grassland Grain™

How it's produced makes all the difference.



Grassland Grain



- An emerging and strengthening consumer trend- the desire for food produced differently and more satiating.

# If you think you'd like to know more:

- Follow or get involved in the progress via these links and sites:

**No Kill  
Cropping**

Bruce Maynard's and Dean Revell's  
**Self Herding**



**The Constructive  
Farming  
Co-operative Ltd**

**Grassland Grain™**  
How it's produced makes all the difference.



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